

2.1

p 107 1, 11, 15, 17, 25, 27, 31, 39, 43, 45-47, 53

① Tangent line: find slope $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{(x+h) - x}$
 then let $h \rightarrow 0$ $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ (p103)

⑩* $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3$ slope at (2, 5)
 $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(x+h)^2 - 3 - (2x^2 - 3)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2 + 4xh + 2h^2 - 3 - 2x^2 + 3}{h}$
 $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 4x + 2h = 4x$
 @ (2, 5) $m = 4(2) = 8$

⑮ $f(x) = 7$ $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{7-7}{h} = 0$

⑰ $f(x) = -5x$ $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-5(x+h) - (-5x)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-5x - 5h + 5x}{h} = -5$

⑳ $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$ $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{1}{x+h-1} - \frac{1}{x-1} \right)$
 $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \frac{(x-1) - (x+h-1)}{(x+h-1)(x-1)}$

$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{h(x+h-1)(x-1)} = \frac{-1}{(x-1)^2}$

㉓ $f(x) = \sqrt{x+4}$ $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+h+4} - \sqrt{x+4}}{h} \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{x+h+4} + \sqrt{x+4})}{(\sqrt{x+h+4} + \sqrt{x+4})}$

$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h+4) - (x+4)}{h(\sqrt{x+h+4} + \sqrt{x+4})}$

$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h(\sqrt{x+h+4} + \sqrt{x+4})} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x+4}}$

31* $f(x) = x^3$ tangent line eq. @ (2, 8)

$$m = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^3 - x^3}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^3 + 3x^2h + 3xh^2 + h^3 - x^3}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 3x^2 + 3xh + h^2 = 3x^2 \approx y - 8 = 3(2)^2(x - 2)$$

$$y - 8 = 12(x - 2)$$

39.

$$f(x) = x^3$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 \text{ from #31}$$

Slope when parallel to $3x - y + 1 = 0$ is 3

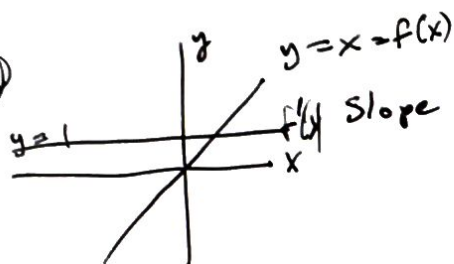
$$\text{So } 3x^2 = 3$$

$$x = 1 \text{ or } -1$$

$$y - 1 = 3(x - 1)$$

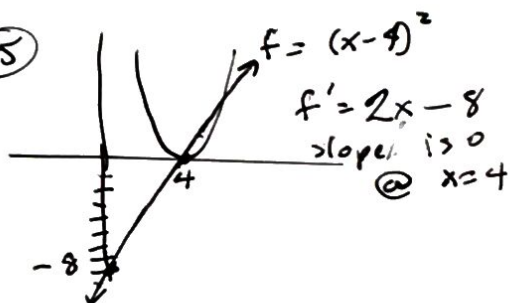
$$y + 1 = 3(x + 1)$$

43

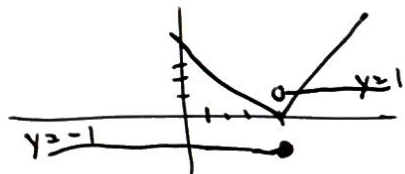


Slope is always 1
 $y = 1$

45

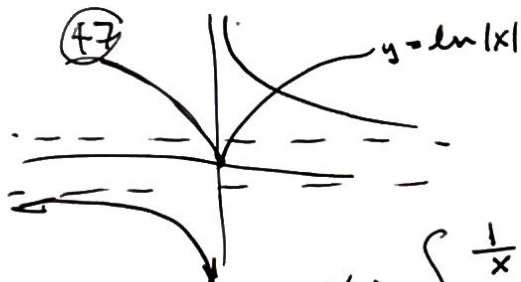


46 $f(x) = |x - 4| = \begin{cases} -(x - 4), & x \leq 4 \\ x - 4, & x > 4 \end{cases}$



$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & x \leq 4 \\ 1, & x > 4 \end{cases}$$

47



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x} + 1 \\ \frac{1}{x} - 1 \end{cases}$$

53 The tangent line to $y = h(x)$ @ $(-1, 4)$ passes through $(3, 6)$

find $h(-1)$ & $h'(-1)$

$$m = \frac{4 - 6}{-1 - 3} = \frac{1}{2} = h'(-1)$$

$$\text{and } h(-1) = 4$$